



# Scientific media survey

2017/12-4

Realized by Priscila Malanski at 29/12/2017

<b>CALL FOR PAPERS .....</b>	<b>3</b>
ERSA 2018 .....	3
EALE 2018 .....	3
RSS - 2018 Annual Meeting.....	3
3R 2018 .....	3
Études rurales – Varia.....	4
<b>PUBLICATIONS .....</b>	<b>4</b>
Skills Development Pathways in Asia: Employment and Skills Strategies in Southeast Asia initiative (ESSA) .....	4
Journal of Agrarian Change - Volume 17, Issue 3 .....	4
Journal of Agrarian Change - Volume 17, Issue 1 .....	5
Bringing Agriculture Back In: The Central Place of Agrarian Change in Rural China .....	5
Class Differentiation in Rural China: Dynamics of Accumulation, Commodification and State Intervention .....	5
Journal of Agrarian Change - Volume 14, Issue 2 .....	6
Agricultural reforms and bridging the gap for rural China.....	6
Health, work and working conditions: a review of the European economic literature.....	6

AOCD- G20 Country Note: France .....	7
AOCD- G20 Country Note: Australia.....	7
Sub-Saharan Africa - Maintaining Growth in an Uncertain World .....	7
Work Organisation and Workforce Vulnerability to Non-Employment: Evidence from OECD's Survey on Adult Skills (PIAAC) .....	7
Running out of time: The reduction of women`s work burden in agricultural production .....	8
Unravelling the migration decision-making process: English early retirees moving to rural mid-Wales .....	8
The feminization of agriculture in post-Soviet Tajikistan .....	8
Salariés du public, salariés du privé face aux changements .....	8
Le travail d'encadrement. Quelles évolutions ? Quels parcours ? .....	9
Actas de las X Jornadas 2017 .....	9
<b>NEWS.....</b>	<b>9</b>
World Indicators of Skills for Employment (WISE) database .....	9
The Jobs Potential of a Shift towards a low-carbon Economy .....	10
ILO - Labour rights and skills development key to improving outcomes of migration in South-East Asia .....	10
ILO- Unemployment up for 3rd consecutive year, expected to drop in 2018 .....	10
FamilyFarmingLex   Plateforme de connaissances sur l'agriculture familiale   Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation et l'agriculture .....	10
FAO - Farming and rural non-farm activities can provide solutions to rising youth unemployment in Africa .....	11
FAO - Can strengthening fishing communities decrease migration? .....	11
ILO - Agriculture and plantations .....	11
Atlas sur le secteur laitier traditionnel dans le Grand Caire .....	11
Un premier atlas sur les migrations rurales en Afrique subsaharienne .....	12
Revenus et trajectoires agricoles en Afrique d'ici 2050 : vers un trop-plein d'agriculteurs ? .....	12
Il y a de plus en plus d'agriculteurs dans la «ferme Afrique» .....	12
Augmenter la productivité agricole : l'ampleur du défi.....	13
Le travail s'intensifie   Alternatives Economiques .....	13

Productivité du travail agricole : les écarts se creusent entre l'Europe et l'Afrique.....	13
--	----

## Call for Papers

### ERSA 2018

Extract : The Congress will take place from August 28 to 31, 2018 in University College Cork. The theme of the Congress is 'Places for People: Innovative, Inclusive, and Liveable Regions'.

Links : <http://ersa.org/2017/12/18/the-call-for-ersa-2018-abstracts-is-open/>

### EALE 2018

Extract : We are pleased to invite all labour economists to submit papers for presentations at the 30th Annual Conference of the European Association of Labour Economists, to be held in Lyon, 13-15 September 2018. Papers presented in a poster session can be submitted to the special conference issue of Labour Economics and poster presenters can be rewarded with the Young Labour Economists' Prize for the best paper at the conference. Each participant may present at most one paper but may be a co-author of more than one paper in the programme.

Links : <http://www.eale.nl/call-for-papers-and-paper-submission-site/>

### RSS - 2018 Annual Meeting

Extract : Theme: Science in Society, Society in Science: Toward a 21st Century Model for Social Scientific Research

**Posters, papers, and organized sessions are due February 1, 2018.** You do not need to be a member of RSS to submit an abstract and attend the annual meeting.

Links : [https://rss.memberclicks.net/index.php?option=com\\_jevents&task=icalevent.detail&evid=2](https://rss.memberclicks.net/index.php?option=com_jevents&task=icalevent.detail&evid=2)

### 3R 2018

Extract : L'édition 2018 des 3R sera construite autour des thématiques appelées suivantes :

1. La qualité globale des produits issus de l'élevage et sa perception
2. Re-conception des systèmes d'élevage
3. Réduction des intrants chimiques
4. Le travail sous toutes ses formes
5. Bien-être animal

Dates clefs de l'Appel à communication:

\* 4 avril 2018 et 31 août 2018 pour les Communications Courtes et les Synthèses

\* 18 mai 2018 pour les Affiches et Expériences et Innovations de terrain

Links : <http://www.journees3r.fr/>

## Études rurales - Varia

Extract : La revue Études Rurales souhaite accueillir des contributions d'horizons divers (niveau national et international), avec des articles impérativement inédits, mêlant études de cas problématisées, propositions théoriques, ou bien encore susciter les controverses. La revue Études Rurales est un journal national et international de recherche fondamentale et appliquée publiant des articles inédits de haute qualité sur les enjeux passés et actuels des mondes ruraux.

Links : <http://calenda.org/402103>

## Publications

### Skills Development Pathways in Asia: Employment and Skills Strategies in Southeast Asia initiative (ESSA)

Extract : Skills and educational development for inclusive and sustainable growth are becoming significant drivers in OECD countries. Asian countries are not lagging behind on the challenge; on the contrary, they are taking diverse pathways in skills training and education to achieve the end. This report focuses on current efforts in 15 countries in the Asian region: Australia, Cambodia, China, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Mongolia, Nepal, Pakistan, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand and Viet Nam.

Links :

<http://www.oecd.org/employment/leed/skillsdevelopmentpathwaysinasiaemploymentandskillsstrategiesinsoutheastasiainitiativeessa.htm>

Tags : HRM

### Journal of Agrarian Change - Volume 17, Issue 3

Extract :

REVIEW ESSAY

- Migrant Agricultural Workers in Local and Global Contexts: Toward a Better Life? (pages 630-638)

BOOK REVIEWS

- Rural wage employment in developing countries: Theory, evidence, and policy Edited by Carlos Oya | Nicola Pontara London: Routledge. 2015. (pages 639-645)

- The Gender of Memory: Rural Women and China's Collective Past, by Gail Hershatter. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press, 2014. (pages 652-653)

Links : <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/joac.v17.3/issuetoc>

Tags : Gender, Hired work, Migration

## **Journal of Agrarian Change - Volume 17, Issue 1**

Extract :

Connecting Public Food Procurement Programmes to Sustainable Rural Development in Brazil (pages 81-105)Hannah Wittman and Jennifer Blesh. DOI: 10.1111/joac.12131

Links : <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/joac.v17.1/issuetoc>

Tags : Hired work, Migration

## **Bringing Agriculture Back In: The Central Place of Agrarian Change in Rural China**

Extract : Since the mid-2000s, rural development and politics in China has entered a new phase that revolves around what the central government calls 'agricultural modernization'. Transforming the once-dominant smallholding, family-based agriculture has become a focal point of the government's programme of rural rejuvenation, where a range of economic changes unleashed by urbanization and industrialization also converge. We argue that in this new context, agrarian change has become the key vantage point from which to study rural China. We review key contributions of the papers in this special issue and highlight their insights on rural differentiation, land politics and rural livelihoods. We discuss how studying the 'Chinese path' of agrarian transition can contribute to ongoing debates on key themes in agrarian studies, including both the agrarian questions of capital and of labour, and how agrarian political economy offers unique perspectives on the overall processes of capitalist development in China.

Links : <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/joac.12115/full>

Tags : Family work, Hired work

## **Class Differentiation in Rural China: Dynamics of Accumulation, Commodification and State Intervention**

Extract : This paper develops a classification of the emerging agrarian class positions in China today. Using an instrument based on rural households' combination of market positions in four markets - land, labour, means of production and product - I identify five agrarian classes: the capitalist employer class, the petty-bourgeois class of commercial farmers, two labouring classes of dual-employment households and wage workers, and subsistence peasants. This classification is then used as a heuristic device to organize the empirical analysis that examines how dynamics of agrarian change drive class differentiation in rural China. For the capitalist employer class, the analysis focuses on their diverse paths of accumulation; for the petty-bourgeois commercial farmers, their contingent resilience and tendencies of differentiation; and for the two classes of labour, the commodification of their subsistence. The state plays important but varying roles in all these processes.

Links : <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/joac.12120/full>

Tags : Rural Employment, Family work, Hired work

## **Journal of Agrarian Change - Volume 14, Issue 2**

Extract : Special Issue: Agrarian Lineages of Paternalism

Links : <http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/joac.2014.14.issue-2/issuetoc>

## **Agricultural reforms and bridging the gap for rural China**

Extract : Urbanisation will continue in China, with the government planning to grant urban residential status to an additional 100 million rural workers by 2020. While this process is transforming the urban economy, the rural economy is also undergoing substantial structural change. Government policy settings in rural areas are critical for smoothing the transition and helping bridge the gap in living standards between urban and rural China. Reforms should further enable farmers who wish to continue working in the agricultural sector to raise productivity levels. Specific measures include encouraging land transfer, promoting further rural financial development and technical assistance for farmers. At the same time, obstacles should be removed for those rural residents aspiring to move to jobs in cities where their skills can yield a higher marginal product. For those who remain in rural areas, improved social welfare systems and investment in health services are critical.

Links : [http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/agricultural-reforms-and-bridging-the-gap-for-rural-china\\_5js1j18znzs4-en](http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/agricultural-reforms-and-bridging-the-gap-for-rural-china_5js1j18znzs4-en)

## **Health, work and working conditions: a review of the European economic literature**

Extract : Economists have traditionally been very cautious when studying the interaction between employment and health because of the two-way causal relationship between these two variables: health status influences the probability of being employed and, at the same time, working affects the health status. Because these two variables are determined simultaneously, researchers control endogeneity bias (e.g., reverse causality, omitted variables) when conducting empirical analysis. With these caveats in mind, the literature finds that a favourable work environment and high job security lead to better health conditions. Being employed with appropriate working conditions plays a protective role on physical health and psychiatric disorders. By contrast, non-employment and retirement are generally worse for mental health than employment, and overemployment has a negative effect on health. These findings stress the importance of employment and of adequate working conditions for the health of workers. In this context, it is a concern that a significant proportion of European workers (29%) would like to work fewer hours because unwanted long hours are likely to signal a poor level of job satisfaction and inadequate working conditions, with detrimental effects on health. Thus, in Europe, labour-market policy has increasingly paid attention to job sustainability and job satisfaction. The literature clearly invites employers to take better account of the worker preferences when setting the number of hours worked. Overall, a specific “flexicurity” (combination of high employment protection, job satisfaction and active labour-market policies) is likely to have a positive effect on health. This Working Paper relates to the 2014 OECD Economic Survey of the United States ([www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/United States](http://www.oecd.org/eco/surveys/United%20States) ).

Links : [http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/health-work-and-working-conditions\\_5jz0zb71xhmr-en](http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/economics/health-work-and-working-conditions_5jz0zb71xhmr-en)

Tags : Health

## **AOCD- G20 Country Note: France**

Extract : France's social benefit, Revenu de solidarité active (RSA), or active solidarity income, was introduced in June 2009 to provide income support to the working poor while enhancing incentives to return to work.

Links : <http://www.oecd.org/employment/emp/48724021.pdf>

## **AOCD- G20 Country Note: Australia**

Extract : The Australian labour market - which is governed by legislation that conforms to international labour standards and is characterized by well-developed labour institutions - has also significantly outperformed labour markets in other advanced countries.

Links : <http://www.oecd.org/employment/emp/48723830.pdf>

## **Sub-Saharan Africa - Maintaining Growth in an Uncertain World**

Extract : 3. Structural Transformation in Sub-Saharan Africa

The main findings of the chapter are as follows: •While data are limited and not always consistent, it appears agricultural labor productivity growth has been very weak among many low-income countries in sub-Saharan Africa, attributable to poor irrigation, lack of fertilizer, shrinking land use, and infrastructure constraints, although some exceptions exist (Burkina Faso, Malawi).

Links : <http://www.imf.org/en/Publications/REO/SSA/Issues/2017/02/01/Maintaining-Growth-in-an-Uncertain-World>

Tags : Family work, Hired work

## **Work Organisation and Workforce Vulnerability to Non-Employment: Evidence from OECD's Survey on Adult Skills (PIAAC)**

Extract : This working paper examines the relationship between forms of work organisation and vulnerability of the workforce to non-employment. It relies on the data from the first two rounds of the survey on adult skills (PIAAC) carried out by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) in 33 of its member or partner countries. Using hierarchical cluster analysis, we identify five forms of work organisation based on the description given by employees of the tasks they perform: Discretionary learning, Constrained learning, Independent, Simple and Taylorist.

Links : <http://www.cee-recherche.fr/publications/document-de-travail/work-organisation-and-workforce-vulnerability-non-employment-evidence-oecd-survey-adult-skills>

## **Running out of time: The reduction of women`s work burden in agricultural production**

Extract : This paper illustrates the role of smallholder women farmers, fishers, forest dwellers and/or livestock keepers, and analyses the factors that lead to time poverty as well as their implications. The paper discusses women's triple work burden in the productive, reproductive and social spheres, and highlights how this can affect their communities' food security and prosperity, with potential impacts on their well-being and health.

Links : <http://www.fao.org/reduce-rural-poverty/resources/resources-detail/en/c/468285/>

Tags : Gender

## **Unravelling the migration decision-making process: English early retirees moving to rural mid-Wales**

Extract : There are established migrant reasons to explain rural in-migration. These include quality of life, rural idyll and lifestyle motivations. However, such one-dimensional sound bites portray rural in-migration in overly simplistic and stereotypical terms. In contrast, this paper distinguishes the decision to move from the reason for moving and in doing so sheds new light on the interconnections between different domains (family, work, finance, health) of the migrant's life which contribute to migration behaviour.

Links :

[http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0743016714000230?\\_rdoc=1&\\_fmt=high&\\_origin=gateaway&\\_docanchor=&md5=b8429449ccfc9c30159a5f9aeaa92ffb](http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0743016714000230?_rdoc=1&_fmt=high&_origin=gateaway&_docanchor=&md5=b8429449ccfc9c30159a5f9aeaa92ffb)

Tags : Migration

## **The feminization of agriculture in post-Soviet Tajikistan**

Extract : In this paper we aim to analyse economic and social transition factors affecting the agricultural labor force and to understand the feminization phenomenon in rural Tajikistan. Agrarian reforms, seasonal male labor outmigration, and the subsequent increase in women's labor participation have facilitated changes in gender occupational segregation. We assume that in post-Soviet transition countries such as Tajikistan, the process of feminization grew from the need to take on jobs and to slip in the role of the breadwinner due to the absence of men. The process enabled women to gain knowledge and experience in new employment positions.

Links : <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0743016717301766>

Tags : Gender

## **Salariés du public, salariés du privé face aux changements**

Extract : L'intention de cet ouvrage est d'abord d'en rendre compte. L'ouvrage vise ensuite à analyser les dynamiques de changement propres à chaque secteur. En définitive, cet ouvrage prend le contre-pied des

thèses les plus expéditives qui prêtent au secteur public une inaptitude au changement et pare le privé d'une capacité sans limite à se remettre en question.

Links : <http://www.cee-recherche.fr/publications/ouvrages/salaries-du-public-salaries-du-prive-face-aux-changements>

Tags : Hired work

## Le travail d'encadrement. Quelles évolutions ? Quels parcours ?

Extract : Loin de disparaître, comme pourrait le laisser penser une tendance répandue à la suppression des niveaux hiérarchiques, l'encadrement concerne un nombre de plus en plus élevé de personnes au sein des entreprises, dans la production comme dans les services. Ils ont aussi en charge la production d'indicateurs censés permettre tout à la fois de contrôler le travail et d'en rendre compte pour alimenter les mesures de performance. Ils gèrent encore des aspects relatifs à la réalisation de la production, tout en assurant un travail d'organisation et d'articulation entre différents niveaux de décision.

Links : <http://www.cee-recherche.fr/publications/rapport-de-recherche/le-travail-dencadrement-quelles-evolutions-quels-parcours>

Tags : HRM

## Actas de las X Jornadas 2017

Extract : Copie y pegue el siguiente link en su navegador y acceda a todas las ponencias de las 10° Jornadas Interdisciplinarias de Estudios Agrarios y Agroindustriales Argentinos y Latinoamericanos, realizadas en Buenos Aires en 2017:

[https://www.dropbox.com/sh/96hy7u206vdkz1g/AABUxQo\\_dHm4o1aWpnUZRaHja/EJE%204%20Trabajo%20y%20empleo%20agrario/SIMPOSIO%2011?dl=0](https://www.dropbox.com/sh/96hy7u206vdkz1g/AABUxQo_dHm4o1aWpnUZRaHja/EJE%204%20Trabajo%20y%20empleo%20agrario/SIMPOSIO%2011?dl=0)

Links : <http://www.ciea.com.ar/novedades/ya-estan-disponibles-las-actas-de-las-x-jornadas-2017/>

## News

### World Indicators of Skills for Employment (WISE) database

Extract : While not all of these indicators are available for every country, the database can be used to examine the skills challenges and performance of each country from a comparative perspective. However the international comparability of the resulting indicators may be affected by statistical differences across countries and over time. Of the nine pillars underpinning the G20 Action Plan, the Human Resource Development (HRD) pillar called for the relevant international organisations to create a set of internationally comparable indicators of skills for employment and productivity for low income countries and develop an international database of skills indicators.

Links : <http://www.oecd.org/employment/skills-for-employment-indicators.htm>

Tags : HRM

## The Jobs Potential of a Shift towards a low-carbon Economy

Extract : The OECD report, “The Jobs Potential of a Shift towards a low-carbon Economy” provides an in-depth analysis of how green growth will reshape labour markets. It also describes the role that labour market and skill policies can play in maximising the benefits of economic greening for workers. The challenge for labour market and skill policies is to maximise the benefits for workers and help assure a fair sharing of adjustment costs, while also supporting broader green growth policies (e.g. by minimising skill bottlenecks).

Links : <http://www.oecd.org/employment/emp/thejobspotentialofashifttowardsalow-carboneconomy.htm>

Tags : HRM

## ILO - Labour rights and skills development key to improving outcomes of migration in South-East Asia

Extract : Against the backdrop of increasing migration among ASEAN countries, joint ILO/IOM report assesses changes in the lives of migrant workers from before to after their migration. “Despite rapid growth in the numbers of women and men migrating in South-East Asia, the outcomes for migrant workers are not well understood,” says Ben Harkins, ILO Technical Officer and lead author of the report. The study developed a Migration Outcomes Index (MOI) to measure changes in the lives of migrant workers from before to after their migration.

Links : [http://www.ilo.org/asia/media-centre/news/WCMS\\_613811/lang--en/index.htm](http://www.ilo.org/asia/media-centre/news/WCMS_613811/lang--en/index.htm)

Tags : Migration

## ILO- Unemployment up for 3rd consecutive year, expected to drop in 2018

Extract : “The labour market in the region appears to be going through a change of cycle after a period of generalized deterioration of labour and social indicators, but improvements will depend on achieving greater economic growth”, warned the ILO Regional Director for Latin America and the Caribbean, José Manuel Salazar-Xirinachs.

Links : [http://www.ilo.org/global/about-the-ilo/newsroom/news/WCMS\\_614165/lang--en/index.htm](http://www.ilo.org/global/about-the-ilo/newsroom/news/WCMS_614165/lang--en/index.htm)

## FamilyFarmingLex | Plateforme de connaissances sur l'agriculture familiale | Organisation des Nations Unies pour l'alimentation et l'agriculture

Extract : Cette section, découlant de la collaboration avec FAOLEX\*, fournit des informations actualisées sur les législations régionales et nationales, les réglementations et les politiques des pouvoirs publics en matière d'agriculture familiale.\* FAOLEX est une base de données législatives complète et actualisée qui

constitue la plus importante collection électronique de législation et réglementations nationales sur l'alimentation, l'agriculture et les ressources naturelles renouvelables.

Links : <http://www.fao.org/family-farming/laws-public-policies/fr/>

## **FAO - Farming and rural non-farm activities can provide solutions to rising youth unemployment in Africa**

Extract : Africa has the youngest population and the fastest growing population in the world, predicted to double by 2050. This has a major impact on the employment market. Although ten to 12 million young people join the labor force in Africa each year, only around three million jobs are created annually. In this context, the agricultural sector as well as rural non-farm activities in tourism, agro-industries, food storage and transportation have high potential to create more and better jobs, and build stronger rural communities

Links : <http://www.fao.org/news/story/en/item/1038681/icode/>

Tags : Rural Employment, Youth

## **FAO - Can strengthening fishing communities decrease migration?**

Extract : Being able to provide decent work to young people in these vulnerable communities can contribute to decrease rural to urban migration, or migration abroad. But with the changing patterns and challenges of migration we face today, we are quickly learning that we must look beyond only providing employment opportunities

Links : <http://www.fao.org/blogs/blue-growth-blog/can-strengthening-fishing-communities-decrease-migration/en/>

Tags : Migration

## **ILO - Agriculture and plantations**

Extract : An estimated 1.1 billion people are engaged in agriculture. This includes roughly 300-500 million waged workers, many of whom depend on incomes from jobs in the plantation sector.

Links : <http://www.ilo.org/global/industries-and-sectors/agriculture-plantations-other-rural-sectors/lang--en/index.htm>

Tags : Hired work

## **Atlas sur le secteur laitier traditionnel dans le Grand Caire**

Extract : Atlas sur le secteur laitier traditionnel dans le Grand Cairell est l'un des produits du projet de recherche DAIRY « Comprendre le fonctionnement traditionnel de la chaîne d'approvisionnement du lait

dans le Grand Caire, en Égypte ». C'est ce que propose l'Atlas sur le secteur laitier traditionnel dans le Grand Caire.

Personal comments : Emploi familial et salarié sur différents types de systèmes laitiers

Links : <http://www.cirad.fr/actualites/toutes-les-actualites/articles/2017/ca-vient-de-sortir/atlas-sur-le-secteur-laitier-traditionnel-dans-le-grand-caire>

Tags : Family work, Hired work

## Un premier atlas sur les migrations rurales en Afrique subsaharienne

Extract : Face au changement climatique et à la croissance de la population, l'atlas offre un aperçu de ce que signifie la migration rurale tout en aidant à élaborer des mesures plus cohérentes et de manière plus coordonnée afin de pallier aux problèmes liés à la migration, » a-t-il ajouté. L'Afrique subsaharienne est la seule région au monde où la population rurale continuera de croître après 2050.

Links : <http://www.cirad.fr/actualites/toutes-les-actualites/communiques-de-presse/2017/un-premier-atlas-sur-les-migrations-rurales-en-afrique-subsaharienne>

Tags : Migration

## Revenus et trajectoires agricoles en Afrique d'ici 2050 : vers un trop-plein d'agriculteurs ?

Extract : Si le changement structurel induit inexorablement une diminution de la part relative de l'agriculture dans les économies, tout indique que ce processus devra, en Afrique, s'accommoder avec les tensions créées par la poursuite de l'augmentation de la population active agricole dans la plupart des pays. L'exercice de projection à l'horizon 2050 montre que la pression démographique dans un contexte de changement climatique qui limite l'expansion des surfaces potentiellement cultivables et l'accroissement des rendements, bien que n'empêchant pas, le plus souvent, les revenus des agriculteurs d'augmenter d'ici 2050, ne conduira pas, dans de nombreux pays africains, à leur convergence avec ceux des travailleurs des autres secteurs économiques.

Links : <http://www.fondation-farm.org/spip.php?article1003>

Tags : Family work

## Il y a de plus en plus d'agriculteurs dans la «ferme Afrique»

Extract : Les inquiétudes sur la sécurité alimentaire en Afrique et sur la capacité du continent à augmenter sa production agricole ne sont pas nouvelles. C'est le mérite de l'article « Disponible alimentaire et productivité agricole en Afrique subsaharienne. En outre, on ne peut pas comprendre l'évolution de la «ferme Afrique» si l'on n'intègre pas le fait que la population agricole a plus que doublé, gagnant plus de 100 millions de nouveaux actifs, en une quarantaine d'années.

Links : <http://www.fondation-farm.org/zoe.php?s=blogfarm&w=wt&idt=1365>

## **Augmenter la productivité agricole : l'ampleur du défi**

Extract : L'accroissement de la productivité de l'agriculture est un facteur clé du développement. D'où l'intérêt du constat établi par le 2012 Global Agricultural Productivity (GAP) Report, récemment publié aux Etats-Unis, selon lequel la productivité agricole dans le monde a crû ces dernières années à un rythme supérieur à celui nécessaire pour doubler la production agricole, à ressources constantes, d'ici à 2050 (1,84 % contre 1,75 % par an). Ces chiffres font référence à la productivité globale des facteurs, définie comme le volume total de produits agricoles (cultures, produits animaux) obtenu par unité de facteur de production (terre, travail, intrants, équipements).

Links : <http://www.fondation-farm.org/zoe.php?s=blogfarm&w=wt&idt=1150>

## **Le travail s'intensifie | Alternatives Economiques**

Extract : "Pour la majorité des personnes, le travail est supportable", rassure Yves Clot1, professeur émérite au Cnam et auteur de l'ouvrage Le travail à cœur. Ainsi, selon le ministère du Travail, alors que l'intensification du travail s'était stabilisée entre 1998 et 2005, elle est repartie à la hausse entre 2005 et 2013. Un travail de plus en plus "intense", c'est un travail soumis à des cadences qui s'accélèrent, des tâches davantage contrôlées par des outils informatiques (et bientôt l'intelligence artificielle ?)

Links : <https://www.alternatives-economiques.fr/travail-sintensifie/00081819>

## **Productivité du travail agricole : les écarts se creusent entre l'Europe et l'Afrique**

Extract : Un actif agricole en Europe produit en moyenne 36 fois plus, en valeur, qu'en Afrique subsaharienne et 7 fois plus qu'en Afrique du Nord. Depuis vingt ans, ces écarts ont augmenté. Ils justifient le maintien, en Afrique, de protections à l'importation sur les produits agricoles dans les Accords de partenariat économique en cours de construction entre l'Union européenne et les pays d'Afrique-Caraïbes-Pacifique.

Links : <http://agrinatura-eu.eu/2017/12/productivite-du-travail-agricole-les-ecarts-se-creusent-entre-l-europe-et-la-frigue/>